M1.

(a) A

allow CH₃COCH₃

1

or

В

must show C=C

Penalise sticks once per pair

1

(b) C CH₃CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃

1

D

NOT cyclopentane which is only C₅H₁₀ Penalise sticks once per pair

1

(c) E CH₃CH₂COOCH₃

Allow C₂H₅CO₂CH₃

1

F CH₃COOCH₂CH₃

Allow CH₃CO₂CH₂CH₃ or CH₃CO₂C₂H₅ Penalise sticks once per pair

1

CH₃NCH(CH₃)₂

NOT C₃H₇

Penalise sticks once per pair

[10]

1

1

M2. (a) GLC or distillation

(b) C=O

Page 3

- (c) (i) Cl has two isotopes
 - (ii) $CH_3 \stackrel{+}{C} = O$

 C_4H_7CIO \rightarrow CH_3 $\overset{+}{C}$ = O + C_2H_4CI

1

[10]

- (d) (i) e.g. $CDCI_3$ or CCI_4
 - (ii) Si(CH₃)₄
- (e) 0 and 3
- (g) CH₃CH₂COCl or (CH₃)₂CHCOCl

- M3. (a) chromatography (allow GLC TLC GC HPLC)

 allow any qualification
 - (b) 5

1

(c) Use of excess air/oxygen or high temperature (over 800 °C) or remove chlorine-containing compounds before incineration

1

(d) (i) Si(CH₃)₄ allow SiC₄H₁₂

allow displayed formula and do not penalise sticks

Not TMS

1

(ii) 3

[6]

M4.(a) OH alcohols

1

Ignore any group on RHS

Must clearly indicate relevant **two** H on a C next to C=O

On LHS, penalise H or CH or CH₂ or CH₃

Ignore missing trailing bonds or attached R groups

1

Ignore all groups on RHS

Must clearly indicate relevant **three** H on C next to C=O Ignore missing trailing bonds or attached R group

Or in words: two equivalent CH3 groups

Must clearly indicate two equivalent methyl groups.

Penalise attached H

Ignore missing trailing bonds or attached R groups

 $\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH_3} \\ \operatorname{CH_3-C-CH_2-C-CH_3} \\ \| \\ \operatorname{(iv)} \quad \operatorname{O} \quad \operatorname{OH} \end{array}$

1

[5]

M5. (a) (i) Single reagent

If wrong single reagent, CE = zero

Incomplete single reagent (e.g. carbonate) or wrong formula (e.g.NaCO₃) loses reagent mark, but mark on

For "no reaction" allow "nothing"

Different reagents

If different tests on E and F; both reagents and any follow on chemistry must be correct for first (reagent) mark.

Reagent must react: i.e. not allow Tollens on G (ketone) – no reaction.

Second and third marks are for correct observations.
i.e. for different tests on E and F, if one reagent is correct and one wrong, can score max 1 for correct observation with correct reagent.

PCI₅ PCI₃

SOCI₂

1

E ester

Na₂CO₃/NaHCO₃ named carbonate

metal e.g.Mg

no reaction

no reaction

named indicator

no effect

No reaction

F acid

Na₂CO₃/NaHCO₃ named carbonate

Effervescence or CO₂

metal e.g.Mg

Effervescence or H₂

named indicator

acid colour

fumes

Single reagent (ii)

If wrong single reagent, CE = zero Incomplete single reagent (e.g. carbonate) or wrong formula (e.g.NaCO₃) loses reagent mark, but mark on For "no reaction" allow "nothing"

Different reagents

If different tests on E and F; both reagents and any follow on chemistry must be correct for first (reagent) mark. Reagent must react: i.e. not allow Tollens on G (ketone) - no reaction.

Second and third marks are for correct observations.

1

1

i.e. for different tests on E and F, if one reagent is correct and one wrong, can score max 1 for correct observation with correct reagent.

G ketone
AgNO₃
no reaction
Na₂CO₃/NaHCO₃ named carbonate
water
no reaction
named indicator
no effect
Named alcohol
no reaction
Named amine or ammonia
no reaction
H Acyl chloride
AgNO ₃
(white) ppt
Na ₂ CO ₃ /NaHCO ₃ named carbonate
Effervescence or CO ₂ or fumes or exothermic
water
fumes
named indicator
acid colour
Named alcohol
Smell or fumes

1

1

Allow iodoform test or Brady's reagent (2,4,dnph) test (both positive for G)

(iii) Single reagent

If wrong single reagent, CE = zero Incomplete single reagent (e.g. carbonate) or wrong formula (e.g.NaCO₃) loses reagent mark, but mark on

For "no reaction" allow "nothing"

Different reagents

If different tests on E and F; **both** reagents and any follow on chemistry must be correct for first (reagent) mark.

Reagent must react: i.e. not allow Tollens on G (ketone) – no reaction.

Second and third marks are for correct observations.

i.e. for different tests on E and F, if one reagent is correct and one wrong, can score max 1 for correct observation with correct reagent.

J Primary alcohol

 $K_2Cr_2O_7/H^+$

goes green

KMnO₄/ H⁺

decolourised / goes brown

Lucas test (ZnCl₂/HCl)

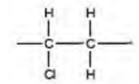
Penalise missing H⁺ but mark on

K Tertiary alcohol

K₂Cr₂O₇/ H⁺

No reaction

			KMnO₄/ H⁺		
			no reaction		
			Lucas test (ZnCl₂/HCl)		
			Rapid cloudiness	1	
			If uses subsequent tests e.g. Tollens/Fehlings, test must be on product of oxidation	•	
	(b)	(i)	3,3-dimethylbutan-1-ol Allow 3,3-dimethyl-1-butanol	1	
			4	1	
			Triplet on three	1	
				1	
		(ii)	2-methylpentan-2-ol Allow 2-methyl-2-pentanol	1	
			5		
			Singlet or one or no splitting	1	
			emigrat ar arra aprilang	1	[15]
M6.		(a)	Benzene-1,2-dicarboxylic acid Allow 1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid	1	
	(b)				



Must show all bonds including trailing bonds Ignore n

1

(c) (i) $2 C_2H_sOH$ NB Two ethanols

1

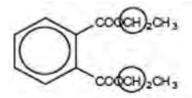
H₂O but only one water

1

(ii) 6 or six

1

(iii)



Ignore overlap with O to the left or H to the right, but must only include this one carbon. either or allow both (as they are identical)

1

(d)

OCH2CH3

$$[DEP]^{+}$$

OR $[C_{12}H_{14}O_4]^{+} \rightarrow [C_{10}H_{9}O_3]^{+} + [C_{2}H_{5}O]^{-}$

Allow + on C or O in

Dot must be on O in radical

1

(e) (i) Rate = k[DEP]

Must have brackets but can be ()

1

- (ii) Any two of
 - experiment repeated/continued over a long period
 - repeated by independent body/other scientists/avoiding bias
 - investigate breakdown products
 - results made public
 Not just repetition
 Ignore animal testing

2 max

[11]